

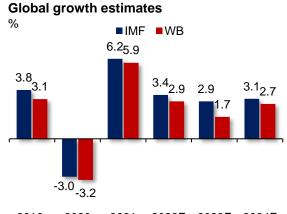
**KSI-FIABCI 2023 Malaysian Housing and Property Summit** 

## How the Economic Outlook for 2023 will Impact on the Housing and Property Industry?

Lee Heng Guie Executive Director 28 February 2023

### **Global recession fears receded ...**

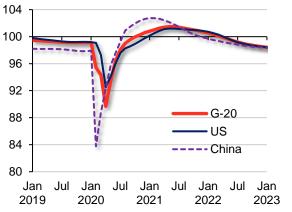
2023: Weaker global economic growth



2010- 2020 2021 2022E 2023F 2024F 2019

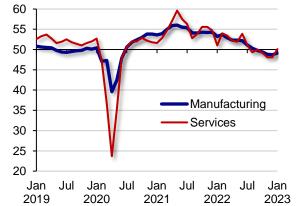
### CLI for G-20 remained below long-term average

Composite Leading Indicator (CLI) 100=Long-term average



Manufacturing & services activities appears stabilising

**Global PMI for manufacturing & services** 50=Threshold



WTO: World trade remains subdued in 2023 (1.0% vs. 3.5% in 2022E)

World trade volume & industrial production %, YoY



# Global economy: Slightly less gloomy but headwinds persist

- A "mild and shallow' recession in the US and Europe
- China's reopening eases global recession risk
- Global inflation may have peaked but pressures continue
- Central banks' subtle monetary shift, not pivot to rate cuts

#### **Upside risks**

- Strong labour market conditions and wage growth
- China's consumers release strong pent-up demand
- Pause in global monetary tightening amid cooling of inflation

#### **Downside risks**

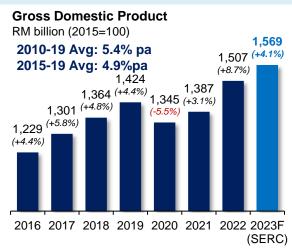
- Escalation in Russia's war in Ukraine
- Higher-than-expected interest rate level
- Tighter global financing conditions worsen debt distress
- Significant assets repricing on worse than expected economic slowdown
- Opening geopolitical fragmentation

Source: International Monetary Fund (IMF); World Bank (WB); S&P Global; Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD); CPB Netherlands

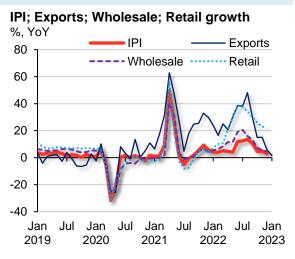


### The Malaysian economy has risen above pre-pandemic level, albeit slower in 2023

The Malaysian economy has bounced back but headwinds persist

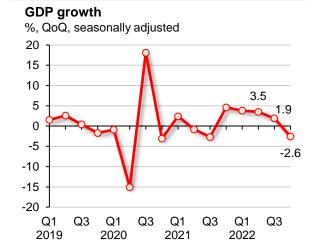


### High frequency data showed either normalisation or deceleration growth

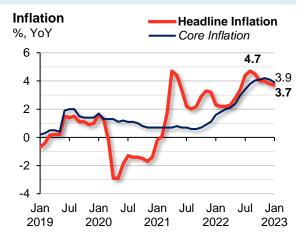


Source: Department of Statistics, Malaysia (DOSM)

However, the growth momentum has moderated in recent quarters



Headline inflation has peaked but price pressures continue to linger, especially core inflation



#### The Malaysian economy

- The economy would continue to grow, albeit slower in 2023 (2023E: 4.1% real GDP growth vs. 8.7% in 2022)
- "Normalisation" of private consumption
- Weaker exports and softening commodity prices

#### **Upside risks**

- Continued recovery in labour market and better income prospects
- On-going and new public infrastructure projects
- Higher tourism activity

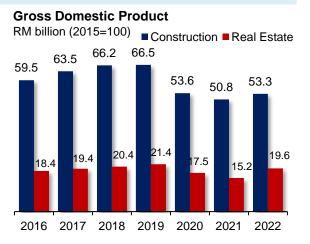
#### **Downside risks**

- Slower global growth; slumping exports
- Cost pressures (cost of living and business costs)
- Lag impact of higher domestic interest rates

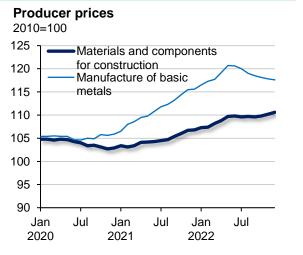
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### The Malaysian economy – Construction sector and real estate industry

Construction and real estate have yet to return to pre-pandemic level

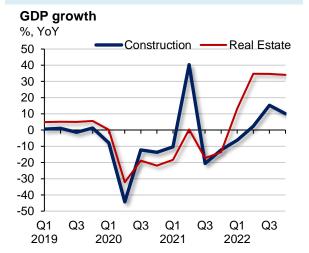


### Building materials prices remained elevated



Source: Department of Statistics, Malaysia (DOSM)

The recovery pace was stronger in 2H 2022



Business tendency (confidence indicator) remained unfavourable



#### Confidence indicator:

Demand side:

- Pre-existing affordability issues
- Improvements in labour market and income level
- Budget measures continue to support first home ownership
- Interest among buyers and investors seeking good bargain
- Higher interest rate, inflation and cost of living pressure will dampen buyers' sentiment
- Anticipate increases in property prices may prompt buyers to lock in purchase

#### Supply side:

- Number of unsold properties remained elevated
- Higher construction and operating costs (building materials, electricity tariff hikes, labour cost etc).
- Shortage of workers still persisted

Construction: [present tendency (volume of orders) (contracts) + future tendency (number of employees)] / 2 Real Estate: [current business situation + present tendency (volume of demand) + future tendency (volume of demand)] / 3

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3

### Some visible improvements in housing market activity in 2022

#### Factors contributed to a massive property overhang since 2015



House prices rose beyond the affordability level



High cost of living and stagnant income growth



Property cooling measures



Supply-demand mismatch



Lack of timely and accurate data

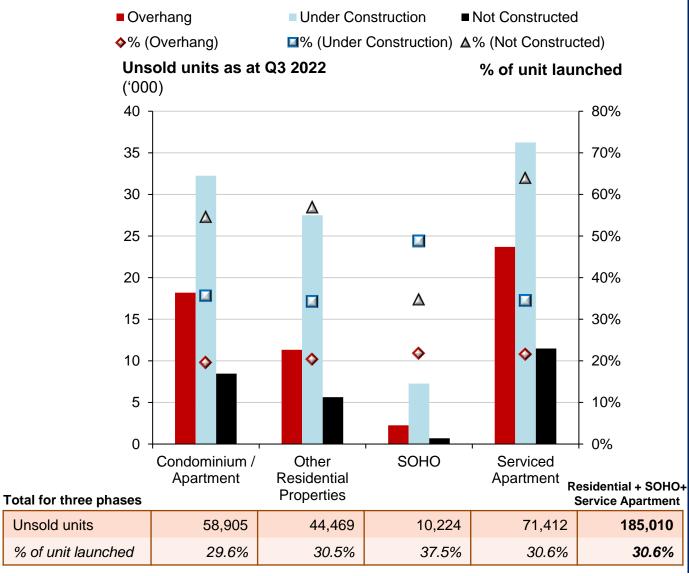


Property boom lost its steam

Trend of Overhang												
( ) Value ■Units		(RM51.9bn)					Unit			RM bn		
	(RM35.8bn)	(RM41.5bn)	(RM48.6bn) 63,584	71,174	(RM48.9bn) 63,173		2021	Q3 2022	% Share	2021	Q3 2022	% Share
(RM25.2bn)	51,265	56,988				Residential	36,863	29,534	46.8	22.8	19.9	40.8
37,210						Service Apartment	24,295	23,688	37.5	20.5	20.2	41.4
						Commercial	6,612	6,636	10.5	5.8	5.8	11.9
						SOHO	2,274	2,260	3.6	1.3	1.4	2.9
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Q3 2022	Industrial	1,130	1,055	1.7	1.6	1.5	3.0

Source: National Property Information Centre (NAPIC)

### The unsold houses remained elevated



Source: NAPIC

- As at Q3 2022, the number of unsold houses (including residential properties, SOHO and serviced apartment, in the phases of overhang, under construction and not constructed) recorded at 185,010 units, 2.4% higher compared to 180,702 units as at Q3 2021.
- 30.0% of the unsold houses (55,482 units) were overhang units, while 55.8% (103,263 units) were under construction and the remaining 14.2% (26,265 units) were not constructed.
- Unsold houses were mainly condominium/apartment and serviced apartment, accounted for 70.4% of the total.
- In terms of overhang units, the total value of residential properties, SOHO and serviced apartments amounted to RM41.6 billion. 76.3% of the overhang units were priced above RM400,000, accounted for 91.5%% of the total overhang value.
- Total overhang units in serviced apartment recorded the worst percentage in terms of unit launched (21.6%), and 95.2% of them were priced above RM400,000, bringing a question of the affordability and sellable of the supply of serviced apartment. Most of these overhang units were located in Johor (62.4%), Kuala Lumpur (22.6%) and Selangor (10.9%).

### **Budget 2023 – Home for all**

#### Stamp duty:

- First home ownership Full exemptions for homes below RM 500k; 75% exemptions for home between RM500,001 and RM1 million
- Exemptions for first RM1 million of value and 50% for remaining value for an instrument of transfer based on love and affection

#### Home ownership assistance:

• Syarikat Jaminan Kredit Perumahan (SJKP) –Total guarantee value set at RM5 billion, with loan guarantee per application up to RM500,000





#### Construction and renovation of houses for low-income:

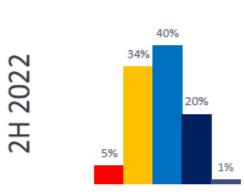
- Renovation of rural houses (RM460.2 million): Increase the ceiling rate for new house building (3,000 houses) and repair assistance.
- People's Housing Program (PPR) (RM367 million) among them in Terengganu, Perlis and Kelantan 12,400 residents.
- Rumah Mesra Rakyat Program (RM358 million) 4,250 houses.
- Malaysian Public Housing Projects (RM463 million) 23,000 houses.
- Various public housing maintenance projects

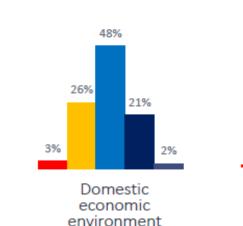


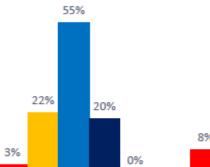
### **REHDA's survey: Outlook for property sector remains neutral in 1H 2023**

# **INDUSTRY OUTLOOK**

Survey conducted by REHDA in September & October 2022 to assess market performance for 1st Half 2022, outlook for 2nd Half 2022 and 2023 (total respondents 150).







49%

Organisation's

business

prospects

18%

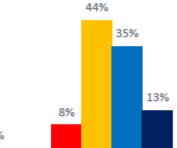
1%

31%

1%

Pessimistic

Very Pessimistic



Neutral Optimistic

Very Optimistic

51%

47%

Residential sector

growth

19%

20%

4%

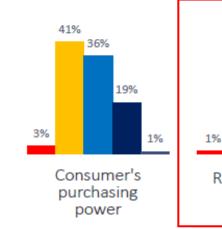
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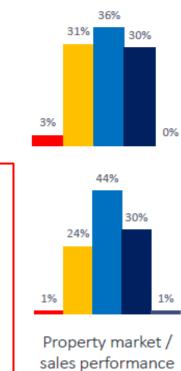
24%

29%

2%

3%





Source: REHDA

1H 2023







# **THANK YOU**

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